grazia&co melbourne 1/10-14 advantage road highett, vic, 3190 phone +61 3 9555 5760 grazia&co sydney 12b, 32 ralph street alexandria, nsw, 2015 phone +61 2 8914 0350

featherston expo talking chair



the featherston expo talking chair is a high back, fully upholstered ply frame contoured chair made with a swivel base and optional button back detail or plain back with head rest. (c. 1967). designed in 1967 by grant & mary featherston for the australian expo in montreal canada.

optional:

tc67s concealed flush mounted speakers and the sonos connect for wireless music streaming.



technical **specifications**

featherston expo talking chair





designer

mary & grant featherston

year designed 1967

1 year structural workmanship warranty with Gordon Mather Industries

this warranty does not cover general wear, tear or damage to fabric, leather, stitching, timber or powder-coated finishes once supplied. featherston furniture is designed to hold a weight of 110kg when used correctly. any damage to the structure or joints from excess or uneven weight distribution will not be covered under warranty. armrests are not designed to be sat on and furniture is not designed to be dragged or rocked. warranties will be voided if the product has been disassembled, modified or repaired by any unauthorized party or is damaged in transit or used outside its intended use. featherston products (except for the outdoor ranges) are for internal use only and will not be covered under warranty if damage is a result of environmental or prolonged climatic exposure i.e. rust, direct sun damage, heating or cooling source damage. please care for your featherston products as per the following care instructions for your warranty to be valid

all terms outlined in this document are applicable exclusively to projects and orders that are based in australia. for warranty claims outside australia, please note that a 12 month warranty period will apply, all claims are to be taken up with the international selling agent

to view the full warranty please refer to the link below <u>https://graziaandco.com.au/featherston-warranty-and-care-2/</u>

craftmanship:	manufactured in australia
materials:	ply, australian foam
lead time:	12-14 weeks. lead times may vary during peak periods
suitability:	indoor use





care instructions

to maintain your furniture we recommend dusting before cleaning with damp colourfast rags to ensure surface integrity. many cleaning products contain harsh chemicals (i.e. acetone) which can damage surface integrity so we recommend the use of clean soft cotton rags to clean, wipe and dry furniture only with mild detergents. never soak or apply liquids directly to surfaces. never use wax products or abrasive rags or chemicals. never use spray polishes or cleaners as they contain silicone which will spoil the surface allowing moisture into the joints. always protect your furniture from direct sunlight, heat sources and vents as they can cause fading and / or surface damage or movement.

or otherwise apply an anti-rust product as quickly as possible or your product can be refinished by gmi or your local powder-coater.

upholstery & leather

fabric, vinyl and leather used to upholster our furniture is not included in our warranty however separate warranty claims can be made through your retailer or fabric supplier, an independent leather or fabric report can be obtained to determine fault.we recommend regular vacuuming or dusting with a soft vacuum brush attachment to remove dirt and dust which can accumulate and damage the surface (a minimum of every 2-3 weeks is advisable). remove spills by blotting with a soft and absorbent colourfast cloth. leathers can be treated with conditioners and cleaners as per their strict instructions using a soft cloth but we do not recommend scrubbing leather with harsh brushes or sponges in any circumstances. to preserve the supple character of leather we recommend a nourishment cream every few months or more frequently for heavy usage. always follow the directions of the product used and test first on a non-visible area of the product. when in contact with oils, sunscreens or moisture on a regular basis we recommend wiping down leather with a soft damp cloth more regularly to avoid residue build up. for heavy traffic commercial areas this may be required several times a week depending on the situation i.e. areas adjacent to pools. the natural salts and oils that occur in human skin can damage surfaces if left uncleaned for lengthy periods. in warm or humid weather wiping can be required weekly, particularly if it has become damp with perspiration. always clean along any creases that have developed and pay close attention to areas that come in contact with skin like headrests, armrests or seat cushions. leather is a natural product with varied characteristics in each hide so you may see growth marks and scars or creases that develop which cannot be removed without destroying the natural beauty and softness of the hides. if a stain persists contact a professional cleaner and do not hand wash, dry clean or use detergents, solvents or abrasive cleaners. deterioration arising from incorrect or inadequate maintenance is not considered a fault.

timber

our furniture is finished with a beeswax or satin or matt lacquer which may fade or discolour if left in direct sunlight for long periods of time. always avoid hot objects making contact or having close proximity with timber to avoid burning, discolouration or lifting. solid timber can absorb liquids or moisture causing the timber to move, change in form, crack or mold so spillages should be cleaned up as soon as possible. clean regularly with a soft damp cloth to remove dust, do not clean with a dry to avoid abrasion. spray polishes should never be used as they contain silicone which can spoil the surface by building up over time. a small amount of natural movement in the timber is expected as it adapts to its conditions due to variations in humidity and temperature. timber will display different grain patterns, colours and shadings over a piece of furniture as this is the natural beauty of wood. the 'medullary ray' in oak for example is a mark of good quality timber and appears when cross cut across the grain showing growth rings and flecks. these characteristics of timber are not considered faults.





clean

 $X \geq$

machine

